**UNIT 3BCHE**

**Acids and Bases Test**

**NAME: TIME ALLOWED: 60 MINUTES**

**Section One: Multiple Choice Questions (10 marks)**

1. Which of the following statements concerning the Bronsted theory of acids and bases is FALSE?
2. In aqueous solutions, bases are those cations, anions or molecules that donate protons to other species.
3. The ability to accept protons from other species in aqueous solutions is a property of bases.
4. A base is produced when a cation, anion or molecule donate a proton in aqueous solution.
5. When a proton is donated by one species to another in aqueous solution, the reaction is classified as acid-base.
6. Which of the following lists includes only acidic oxides?
7. SO3, MgO, Li2O, P4O10
8. CO2, N2O5, SrO, GeO2
9. N2O5, Cl2O7, CO2, SO2
10. Li2O, Na2O, K2O, CaO
11. In which of the following reactions is the hydrogencarbonate ion acting as an acid?
12. HCO3-(aq) + H2O(l) JP8a H2CO3(aq) + OH-(aq)
13. HCO3-(aq) + HSO4-(aq) JP8a H2CO3(aq) + SO42-(aq)
14. HCO3-(aq) + PO43-(aq) JP8a CO32-(aq) + HPO42-(aq)
15. HCO3-(aq) + CH3COOH(aq) JP8a H2O(l) + CO2(g) + CH3COO-(aq)
16. Which of the following possibilities best describes the acidity/basicity of a solution of the following compounds when dissolved in distilled water?

***Sulfur dioxide Ammonium nitrate Sodium carbonate Calcium oxide***

1. Acidic Basic Basic Neutral
2. Acidic Acidic Basic Basic
3. Acidic Acidic Neutral Basic
4. Basic Basic Acidic Neutral
5. Which of the following would NOT change the pH of 10.0mL of a dilute hydrochloric acid solution when it is added to the acid?
6. 10.0mL of pure water
7. 10.0mL of sodium hydroxide solution
8. 10.0mL of concentration hydrochloric acid solution
9. 10.0mL of the same hydrochloric acid solution
10. Which of the following best described 10 molL-1 ammonia?
11. A dilute solution of a weak base
12. A concentrated solution of a weak base
13. A dilute solution of a strong base
14. A concentrated solution of a strong base
15. 0.050 mole of Ba(OH)2 is dissolved in a 0.100molL-1 hydrochloric acid solution. The pH of the resulting solution will be;
16. Less than 7
17. Equal to 7
18. Greater than 7
19. Impossible to determine from the information given
20. A drop of phenolphthalein is added to a colourless aqueous solution and the resulting mixture turns pink. What is the best estimate of the solution’s pH?
21. 3
22. 5
23. 7
24. 9
25. Water ionises according to the following reaction:

H2O() + HEAT H+(aq) + OH–(aq)



At 25oC the pH of pure water is 7.0. Which of the statements below best explains what would happen to the pH of the pure water if it were heated above 25oC?

(a) It would increase, as the concentration of H+ would increase.

(b) It would stay the same, as the concentrations of H+(aq) and OH-(aq) would still be equal to each other.

(c) It would decrease, as the concentration of H+ would increase.

(d) It would increase, as the concentration of OH- would increase.

1. A sodium hydroxide solution for use in the Bayer Process was analysed as follows. About 20mL was transferred from the process tank to a 100mL bottle. From this 1.000mL was transferred by pipette to a 250mL conical flask and titrated with standard 0.2083 molL-1 hydrochloric acid from a burette.

All items of glassware were washed, and given a final rinse before use.

Which one of the following lists the appropriate liquids for the final rinses?

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Option | The 100mL bottle | The 1.00mL pipette | The 250mL conical flask | The burette |
|  | Water | Water | The NaOH solution | Water |
|  | The NaOH solution | The NaOH solution | Water | The 0.2083 molL-1 HCl |
|  | Water | Water | The NaOH solution | The 0.2083 molL-1 HCl |
|  | Water | The NaOH solution | The NaOH solution | Water |

**End of Section One Section Two: Short Answer Questions (15 marks)**

1. Examine the equation below. [2 Marks]

HCO3-(aq) + HSO4 (aq) JP8a H2CO3 (aq) + SO42- (aq)

Identify the conjugate acid/base pairs:

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1. Explain the difference between the following terms: [4 Marks]
2. The end point and the equivalence point of an acid/base titration.

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1. Explain why the pH at the equivalence point of a titration of ammonia and hydrochloric acid is acidic. Include equations to support your reasoning.

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1. Are the following salts acidic, basic or neutral? Justify your answer by writing relevant chemical equations. [4 Marks]
2. Sodium ethanoate

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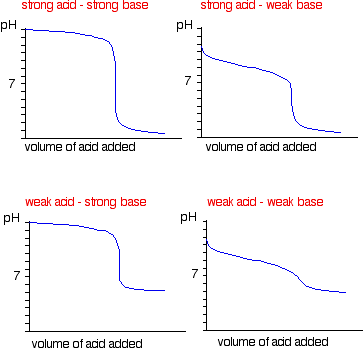
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1. Aluminium sulfate

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1. Shrena obtained the following pH curve during a titration experiment using 0.100 mol L-1 solutions. [5 Marks]



a) Name a base that she could have used in this titration.

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b) Name an acid that she could have used in this titration. Justify your answer.

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c) Would methyl orange be a suitable indicator for this titration? Explain.

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**End of Section Two**

**Section Two: Extended Answer Questions (15 marks)**

1. Calculate the pH of a 0.0100 mol L-1 solution of barium hydroxide. [2 marks]

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1. Calculate the pH of the solution formed when 200 mL of a 2.00 mol L-1 solution of sodium hydroxide was added to 350 mL of 3.50 mol L-1 hydrochloric acid. [4 marks]

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1. The acidity of wine is due to the grape acid tartaric acid HOOCCHOHCHOHCOOH(aq).

A wine producer wishes to determine the percentage of tartaric acid in a sample of wine.

Tartaric acid is a weak diprotic acid which ionizes according to the following equation:

HOOCCHOHCHOHCOOH (aq) → -OOCCHOHCHOHCOO -(aq) + 2H+(aq)

She takes a 20.0 mL sample of the wine and dilutes it to 250 mL in a volumetric flask.

The diluted wine is then placed in a burette and is titrated against 20.0 mL samples of a standardized 0.0125 mol L-1 sodium hydroxide solution in a conical flask to which a suitable indicator has been added.

The results of four titrations of the diluted wine are shown in the following table:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Titration 1 | Titration 2 | Titration 3 | Titration 4 |
| Initial volume (mL) | 0.0 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.0 |
| Final volume (mL) | 13.5 | 12.5 | 13.1 | 12.1 |
| Titre volume (mL) |  |  |  |  |

1. Determine the appropriate average titre of diluted wine in this experiment. [1 mark]

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1. Calculate the concentration of tartaric acid in the undiluted wine in mol L-1.

[6 marks]

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1. Calculate the percentage by mass of tartaric acid in the wine given that

1.00 mL of the wine weighs 1.00 g. [2 marks]

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**End of section Three**